

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

As at and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

$\label{thm:condensed} \textbf{INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION} \\ \textbf{(UNAUDITED)}$

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | | | June 30 | | December 31 |
|--|------|----|-----------|----|-------------|
| | Note | | 2011 | | 2010 |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | \$ | 1,111,399 | \$ | 1,235,085 |
| Restricted cash | | | 38,018 | | 39,369 |
| Trade receivables | | | 1,462,896 | | 1,273,509 |
| Contracts in progress | | | 430,615 | | 624,547 |
| Other current financial assets | | | 348,523 | | 271,139 |
| Other current assets | | | 139,268 | | 120,128 |
| Total current assets | | | 3,530,719 | | 3,563,777 |
| Property and equipment: | | | | | |
| From ICI | 4 | | 2,266,185 | | 2,072,814 |
| From other activities | | | 127,919 | | 115,189 |
| ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods | 4 | | 674,049 | | 626,948 |
| Goodwill | | | 556,895 | | 542,028 |
| Deferred tax asset | | | 157,892 | | 158,419 |
| Non-current financial assets | | | 375,733 | | 332,410 |
| Other non-current assets | | | 131,126 | | 125,607 |
| Total assets | | \$ | 7,820,518 | \$ | 7,537,192 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade payables | | \$ | 1,269,835 | \$ | 1,274,658 |
| Downpayments on contracts | | Ψ | 364,437 | Ψ | 422,930 |
| Deferred revenues | | | 799,766 | | 728,187 |
| Other current financial liabilities | | | 314,542 | | 324,949 |
| Other current liabilities | | | 122,308 | | 95,630 |
| Current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt: | | | 122,500 | | 33,030 |
| Non-recourse from ICI | 4 | | 175,638 | | 38,762 |
| Total current liabilities | т | | 3,046,526 | | 2,885,116 |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | |
| Recourse | | | 348,285 | | 348,204 |
| Non-recourse from ICI | 4 | | 1,523,303 | | 1,529,024 |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | , | | 67,602 | | 76,397 |
| Provisions | | | 185,983 | | 177,087 |
| Non-current deferred revenues | | | 442,175 | | 422,879 |
| Deferred tax liability | | | 149,496 | | 151,861 |
| Other non-current liabilities | | | 7.602 | | 9.304 |
| Total liabilities | | | 5,770,972 | | 5,599,872 |
| Equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | | | 439,301 | | 424,935 |
| Other components of equity | 11 | | (67,375) | | (67,480) |
| Retained earnings | 11 | | 1,566,005 | | 1,477,211 |
| Equity attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders | | | 1,937,931 | | 1,834,666 |
| Non-controlling interests | | | 111,615 | | 102,654 |
| Total equity | | | 2,049,546 | | 1,937,320 |
| Total linkilities and equity | | • | | ď | |
| Total liabilities and equity | | \$ | 7,820,518 | \$ | 7,537,192 |

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT NUMBER

2011 OF COMMON SHARES)

| OF COMMON SHARES) | | | | | | 2011 | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----|--------------|-----|-----------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| | Equi | ty attributal | ble t | o SNC-La | val | in shareholo | ler | S | | | |
| | Share Ca | pital | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Other | | | | | | | |
| | Number of | | co | mponents | | | | | | Non- | |
| | common shares | | | of equity | | Retained | | | С | controlling | |
| | (in thousands) | Amount | | (Note 11) | | earnings | | Total | | interests | Total equity |
| Balance at beginning of period | 151,034 | \$ 424,935 | \$ | (67,480) | \$ | 1,477,211 | \$ | 1,834,666 | \$ | 102,654 | \$ 1,937,320 |
| Net income for the period | - | - | | - | | 174,619 | | 174,619 | | 5,395 | 180,014 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the period | - | - | | 105 | | (457) | | (352) | | 475 | 123 |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the period | - | - | | 105 | | 174,162 | | 174,267 | | 5,870 | 180,137 |
| Dividends declared (Note 10) | - | - | | - | | (63,361) | | (63,361) | | - | (63,361) |
| Dividends paid by subsidiaries to non- | | | | | | | | | | | |
| controlling interests | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | (277) | (277) |
| Stock option compensation (Note 8A) | - | - | | - | | 9,424 | | 9,424 | | - | 9,424 |
| Shares issued under stock option plans | 399 | 15,936 | | - | | (3,010) | | 12,926 | | - | 12,926 |
| Shares redeemed and cancelled | (540) | (1,570) | | - | | (29,018) | | (30,588) | | - | (30,588) |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests | - | - | | - | | 597 | | 597 | | (1,226) | (629) |
| Capital contributions by non-controlling | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,594 | 4,594 |
| Balance at end of period | 150,893 | \$ 439,301 | \$ | (67,375) | \$ | 1,566,005 | \$ | 1,937,931 | \$ | 111,615 | \$ 2,049,546 |

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT NUMBER

2010 OF COMMON SHARES)

| Equity attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------|----|---------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Share Cap | ital | | | | | | | | | |
| | Number of common shares | | со | Other omponents of equity | | Retained | | | | Non- controlling | |
| | (in thousands) | Amount | | (Note 11) | | earnings | | Total | | interests | Total equity |
| Balance at beginning of period | 151,033 \$ | 397,735 | \$ | (4,035) | \$ | 1,124,508 | \$ | 1,518,208 | \$ | 81,485 | \$ 1,599,693 |
| Net income for the period | - | - | | - | | 203,279 | | 203,279 | | 6,348 | 209,627 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the period | - | - | | (46,244) | | (2,673) | | (48,917) | | 301 | (48,616) |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the period | - | - | | (46,244) | | 200,606 | | 154,362 | | 6,649 | 161,011 |
| Dividends declared (Note 10) | - | - | | - | | (51,318) | | (51,318) | | - | (51,318) |
| Dividends paid by subsidiaries to non- controlling interests | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | (220) | (220) |
| Stock option compensation (Note 8A) | - | - | | - | | 8,754 | | 8,754 | | - | 8,754 |
| Shares issued under stock option plans | 261 | 7,725 | | - | | (1,403) | | 6,322 | | - | 6,322 |
| Shares redeemed and cancelled | (353) | (947) | | - | | (16,219) | | (17,166) | | - | (17,166) |
| Capital contributions by non-controlling | | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | <u>-</u> | - | | - | | - | | - | | 300 | 300 |
| Balance at end of period | 150,941 \$ | 404,513 | \$ | (50,279) | \$ | 1,264,928 | \$ | 1,619,162 | \$ | 88,214 | \$ 1,707,376 |

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT

| EARNINGS PER SHARE AND NUMBER OF SHARES) | SECOND QUARTER | | | | | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 | | | | |
|--|----------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| | Note | 2011 | | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2010 | |
| Revenues by activity: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Services | | \$ | 564,388 | \$ | 501,556 | \$ | 1,044,541 | \$ | 958,812 | |
| Packages | | | 692,056 | | 471,645 | | 1,324,124 | | 855,726 | |
| O&M | | | 281,688 | | 255,727 | | 708,455 | | 638,799 | |
| ICI | | | 128,713 | | 127,793 | | 230,484 | | 214,709 | |
| | | | 1,666,845 | | 1,356,721 | | 3,307,604 | | 2,668,046 | |
| Direct cost of activities | | | 1,352,106 | | 1,030,194 | | 2,719,454 | | 2,077,989 | |
| Gross margin | | | 314,739 | | 326,527 | | 588,150 | | 590,057 | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | | | 166,127 | | 145,967 | | 319,190 | | 276,325 | |
| Net financial expenses | 6 | | 26,398 | | 30,801 | | 53,582 | | 56,383 | |
| Income before income tax expense | | | 122,214 | | 149,759 | | 215,378 | | 257,349 | |
| Income tax expense | | | 18,826 | | 26,865 | | 35,364 | | 47,722 | |
| Net income for the period | | \$ | 103,388 | \$ | 122,894 | \$ | 180,014 | \$ | 209,627 | |
| Net income attributable to: | | | | | | | | | | |
| SNC-Lavalin shareholders | | \$ | 100.739 | \$ | 119,148 | \$ | 174,619 | \$ | 203,279 | |
| Non-controlling interests | | Ψ | 2,649 | Ψ | 3,746 | Ψ | 5,395 | Ψ | 6,348 | |
| Net income for the period | | \$ | 103,388 | \$ | 122,894 | \$ | 180,014 | \$ | 209,627 | |
| Earnings per share (in \$) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | 0.67 | ď | 0.70 | • | 4.46 | æ | 1 25 | |
| Basic | | \$ | 0.67 | \$ | 0.79 | \$ | 1.16 | \$ | 1.35 | |
| Diluted | | \$ | 0.66 | \$ | 0.78 | \$ | 1.15 | \$ | 1.34 | |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in thousands) | 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | - | | 150,824 | | 150,932 | | 150,888 | | 150,962 | |
| Diluted | | | 151,956 | | 152,000 | | 152,148 | | 152,202 | |

$SNC-Lavalin\ Group\ Inc.$ Interim condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (UNAUDITED)

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | | | 2011 | | 2010 | | | |
|--|----|----------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | At | tributable to | Non- | | Attributable to | Non- | | |
| | 5 | SNC-Lavalin co | ontrolling | | SNC-Lavalin | controlling | | |
| | 5 | shareholders | interests | Total | shareholders | interests | Total | |
| Net income for the period | \$ | 100,739 \$ | 2,649 \$ | 103,388 | \$ 119,148 | \$ 3,746 | \$ 122,894 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | | | |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign | | | | | | | | |
| operations (Note 11) | | 5,928 | (14) | 5,914 | (11,038) | (61) | (11,099) | |
| Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 11) | | 704 | - | 704 | 6,836 | - | 6,836 | |
| Cash flow hedges (Note 11) | | (6,319) | 221 | (6,098) | (16,712) | 220 | (16,492) | |
| Defined benefit pension plans and other post- | | | | | | | | |
| retirement benefits | | (1,616) | - | (1,616) | (3,363) | - | (3,363) | |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of investments | | | | | | | | |
| accounted for by the equity method (Note 11) | | (14,710) | - | (14,710) | (22,514) | - | (22,514) | |
| Income tax benefit relating to components of other | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive loss | | 6,148 | - | 6,148 | 11,952 | - | 11,952 | |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period | | (9,865) | 207 | (9,658) | (34,839) | 159 | (34,680) | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | \$ | 90,874 \$ | 2,856 \$ | 93,730 | \$ 84,309 | \$ 3,905 | \$ 88,214 | |

| MONTHS | | |
|--------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | | | 2011 | | | 2010 | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------|------------|----|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Attributable to Non- | | | | Attributable to | Non- | | | | | |
| | S | NC-Lavalin c | ontrolling | | | SNC-Lavalin | controlling | | | | |
| | S | hareholders | interests | | Total | shareholders | interests | Total | | | |
| Net income for the period | \$ | 174,619 \$ | 5,395 | \$ | 180,014 | \$ 203,279 | \$ 6,348 | \$ 209,627 | | | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign | | | | | | | | | | | |
| operations (Note 11) | | 6,383 | 36 | | 6,419 | (33,586) | (137) | (33,723) | | | |
| Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 11) | | 1,042 | - | | 1,042 | 11,735 | - | 11,735 | | | |
| Cash flow hedges (Note 11) | | (5,631) | 439 | | (5,192) | (6,583) | 438 | (6,145) | | | |
| Defined benefit pension plans and other post- | | | | | | | | | | | |
| retirement benefits | | (616) | - | | (616) | (3,600) | - | (3,600) | | | |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of investments | | | | | | | | | | | |
| accounted for by the equity method (Note 11) | | (3,435) | - | | (3,435) | (29,035) | - | (29,035) | | | |
| Income tax benefit relating to components of other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive loss | | 1,905 | - | | 1,905 | 12,152 | - | 12,152 | | | |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period | | (352) | 475 | | 123 | (48,917) | 301 | (48,616) | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | \$ | 174,267 \$ | 5,870 | \$ | 180,137 | \$ 154,362 | \$ 6,649 | \$ 161,011 | | | |

SNC Lavalin Group Inc. $\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS} \end{tabular}$

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

| | | SECC | ND QUARTER | SIX MONTHS | ENDED JUNE 30 |
|--|------|--------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Note | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Operating activities | | | | | |
| Net income for the period | | \$ 103,388 \$ | 122,894 | \$ 180,014 | \$ 209,627 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of other assets: | | | | | |
| From ICI | | 21,246 | 21,744 | 40,916 | 40,014 |
| From other activities | | 10,588 | 9,683 | 20,566 | 19,932 |
| Income tax expense recognized in net income | | 18,826 | 26,865 | 35,364 | 47,722 |
| Income taxes paid | | (6,285) | (3,303) | (19,126) | (23,160) |
| Net financial expenses recognized in net income | 6 | 26,398 | 30,801 | 53,582 | 56,383 |
| Interest paid: | | | | | |
| From ICI | | (32,750) | (28,050) | (45,422) | (37,130) |
| From other activities | | (91) | (678) | (10,976) | (16,033) |
| Expense recognized in respect of stock options | 8A | 7,444 | 1,715 | 9,424 | 8,754 |
| Expense (reversal of expense) recognized in respect of PSU, DSU and RSU plans | 8B | 1,695 | (152) | 4,456 | 2,872 |
| Income from ICI accounted for by the equity method | | (37,549) | (30,685) | (56,767) | (41,605) |
| Finance income on receivables under service concession arrangements | | (4,167) | (3,155) | (8,035) | (6,141) |
| Other | | (10,387) | (13,553) | (21,052) | (12,200) |
| Dividends and distributions received from ICI accounted for by the equity method | | 33,677 | 22,645 | 54,055 | 31,877 |
| | | 132,033 | 156,771 | 236,999 | 280,912 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items | 12 | (49,581) | (132,533) | (34,944) | (151,018) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | 82,452 | 24,238 | 202,055 | 129,894 |
| Investing activities | | | | | |
| Acquisition of property and equipment: | | | | | |
| From ICI | | (109,108) | (96,519) | (223,190) | (211,121) |
| From other activities | | (16,822) | (7,736) | (28,178) | (13,849) |
| Payments for ICI | | (24,166) | (10,031) | (62,858) | (11,989) |
| Acquisition of businesses | | (15,497) | (8,086) | (35,077) | (27,605) |
| Change in restricted cash position | | 7,214 | 964 | 1,433 | (2,572) |
| Increase in receivables under service concession arrangements | | (18,848) | (20,362) | (31,194) | (24,877) |
| Recovery of receivables under service concession arrangements | | 5,110 | 4,884 | 9,056 | 7,728 |
| Increase in loan Project Operator of Ambatovy project | | (111) | (4,241) | (3,894) | (5,557) |
| Other | | (7,738) | (7,052) | (7,281) | (7,216) |
| Net cash used for investing activities | | (179,966) | (148,179) | (381,183) | (297,058) |
| Financing activities | | | | | |
| Repayment of non-recourse debt from ICI | | (5,085) | (1,012) | (5,948) | (49,606) |
| Increase in non-recourse debt from ICI | | 87,859 | 82,616 | 136,884 | 207,613 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | | 5,047 | 3,652 | 12,926 | 6,322 |
| Redemption of shares | | (3,649) | (8,696) | (30,588) | (17,166) |
| Dividends paid to SNC-Lavalin shareholders | 10 | (63,361) | (51,318) | (63,361) | (51,318) |
| Other | | 4,302 | (194) | 3,238 | (1,242) |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | | 25,113 | 25,048 | 53,151 | 94,603 |
| Increase (decrease) in exchange differences on translating cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| held in foreign operations | | 1,876 | (7,047) | 2,291 | (16,393) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (70,525) | (105,940) | (123,686) | (88,954) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | | 1,181,924 | 1,208,384 | 1,235,085 | 1,191,398 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | | \$ 1,111,399 \$ | 1,102,444 | \$ 1,111,399 | 1,102,444 |

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(TABULAR FIGURES IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. is incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act and has its registered office at 455 René-Lévesque Boulevard West, Montreal, Quebec, Canada H2Z 1Z3. SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. is a public company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in Canada. Reference to the "Company" or to "SNC-Lavalin" means, as the context may require, SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. and all or some of its subsidiaries or joint ventures, or SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. or one or more of its subsidiaries or joint ventures.

The Company, which celebrates its 100th anniversary in 2011, provides engineering and construction, and operations and maintenance ("O&M") expertise through its network of offices located across Canada and in over 35 other countries, and is currently working on projects around the world. SNC-Lavalin also makes select investments in infrastructure concessions that are complementary to its other activities and are referred to as "ICI" in these financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

A) BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Company's financial statements are presented in **Canadian dollars**. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except where otherwise indicated.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, ("IAS 34"). They are part of the period covered by the first annual IFRS financial statements and IFRS 1, *First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards*, ("IFRS 1") has been applied. An explanation of how the transition to IFRS has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company is provided in Note 14.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 resulted in changes to the accounting policies as compared to the most recent annual financial statements prepared under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The IFRS accounting policies that are set out in the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011 were consistently applied to all periods presented. They were also applied in preparing the IFRS statement of financial position as at January 1, 2010 for the purpose of transition to IFRS, as required by IFRS 1. Please refer to Note 2 in the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011 for a complete description of the Company's accounting policies.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant are disclosed in Note 3 in the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011 and remained unchanged for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, with the exception of certain financial instruments and derivative financial instruments, which are measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for assets.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are intended to provide an update on the latest complete set of annual financial statements and of the Company's first interim condensed consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's most recent audited annual consolidated financial statements and the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011.

These Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 5, 2011.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

B) STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED TO BE ADOPTED AT A LATER DATE

The following standards and amendments to the existing standards have been issued and are applicable for the Company for its annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with earlier application permitted:

- IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, covers the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities.
- IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, ("IFRS 10") and IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, ("IFRS 12"). The first standard replaces IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, and SIC-12, Consolidation Special Purpose Entities, and establishes principles for identifying when an entity controls other entities and the second standard establishes comprehensive disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, and special purpose vehicles.
- IFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements*, ("IFRS 11") supersedes IAS 31, *Interests in Joint Ventures*, and SIC-13, *Jointly Controlled Entities Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers*, and requires a single method to account for interests in jointly controlled entities.
- Amended and retiteled IAS 27, Separate Financial Statements, and IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, as a consequence of the new IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12.
- IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, provides a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in IFRS.
- Amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, to require entities to group items within other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to net income.
- Amendments to IAS 19, *Employee Benefits*, to eliminate the corridor method that defers the recognition of gains and losses, to streamline the presentation of changes in assets and liabilities arising from defined benefit plans and to enhance the disclosure requirements for defined benefit plans.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these standards and amendments on its financial statements.

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

The following table presents revenues and operating income according to the Company's segments:

| | SECOND QUARTER | | | | | | | | S | SIX MONTHS E | NDED | JUNE 30 | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----|--------------|-----|---------------------|------|-----------|----|---------------------|------|-----------|----|---------------------|
| | 2 | 2011 | | | 010 | | 2011 | | | | | 2010 | | |
| | REVENUES | OPERATIN INCOM | | REVENUES | | OPERATING INCOME | | REVENUES | | OPERATING INCOME | | REVENUES | | OPERATING INCOME |
| Services and Packages | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure & Environment | \$ 467,051 | \$ 9,76 | 2 | \$ 417,590 | \$ | 56,148 | \$ | 887,542 | \$ | 15,857 | \$ | 743,583 | \$ | 99,397 |
| Chemicals & Petroleum | 274,671 | 22,52 | 6 | 238,521 | | 9,652 | | 574,664 | | 37,648 | | 432,308 | | 22,232 |
| Mining & Metallurgy | 233,441 | 15,04 | 3 | 161,515 | | 14,213 | | 410,808 | | 16,472 | | 310,985 | | 26,254 |
| Power | 175,204 | 28,47 | 8 | 95,871 | | 25,441 | | 312,389 | | 53,524 | | 202,041 | | 41,196 |
| Other Industries | 106,077 | 9,37 | 2 | 59,704 | | 5,204 | | 183,262 | | 19,852 | | 125,621 | | 10,329 |
| O&M | 281,688 | 3,45 | 1 | 255,727 | | 2,148 | | 708,455 | | 21,240 | | 638,799 | | 13,786 |
| ICI | 128,713 | 41,74 | 5 | 127,793 | | 44,352 | | 230,484 | | 66,124 | | 214,709 | | 63,863 |
| | \$ 1,666,845 | 130,37 | 7 | \$ 1,356,721 | | 157,158 | \$ 3 | 3,307,604 | | 230,717 | \$ | 2,668,046 | | 277,057 |
| Reversal of items included above: | | • | - | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| Imputed interest benefit | | (5,99 | 1) | | | (7,454) | | | | (14,156) | | | | (16,327) |
| Net financial expenses from ICI | | 20,11 | 3 | | | 21,643 | | | | 43,316 | | | | 39,734 |
| Income tax expense from ICI | | 1,45 | 7 | | | 5,401 | | | | 3,660 | | | | 6,826 |
| Non-controlling interests before income tax expense | | 2,65 | 6 | | | 3,812 | | | | 5,423 | | | | 6,442 |
| Income before net financial expenses and income tax expense | | 148,61 | 2 | | | 180,560 | | | | 268,960 | | | | 313,732 |
| Net financial expenses (Note 6) | | 26,39 | В | | | 30,801 | | | | 53,582 | | | | 56,383 |
| Income before income tax expense | | 122,21 | 4 | | | 149,759 | | | | 215,378 | | | | 257,349 |
| Income tax expense | | 18,82 | 6 | | | 26,865 | | | | 35,364 | | | | 47,722 |
| Net income for the period | | \$ 103,38 | 8 | | \$ | 122,894 | | | \$ | 180,014 | | | \$ | 209,627 |
| Net income attributable to: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SNC-Lavalin shareholders | | 100,73 | 9 | | | 119,148 | | | | 174,619 | | | | 203,279 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 2,64 | 9 | | | 3,746 | | | | 5,395 | | | | 6,348 |
| Net income for the period | | \$ 103,38 | 8 | | \$ | 122,894 | | | \$ | 180,014 | | | \$ | 209,627 |

The Company also discloses in the table below under "Supplementary Information" its dividends from Highway 407, as well as its net income attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders from other ICI, as this information is useful in assessing the value of the Company's share price.

| | SECOND QUARTER | | | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 | | | | |
|--|----------------|------|----|--------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|
| | | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2010 |
| Supplementary information: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders from ICI | | | | | | | | |
| From Highway 407 | \$ 32 | ,290 | \$ | 22,645 | \$ | 46,129 | \$ | 31,871 |
| From other ICI | 9 | ,455 | | 21,707 | | 19,995 | | 31,992 |
| Net income attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders excluding ICI | 58 | ,994 | | 74,796 | | 108,495 | | 139,416 |
| Net income attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders for the period | \$ 100 | ,739 | \$ | 119,148 | \$ | 174,619 | \$ | 203,279 |

4. INFRASTRUCTURE CONCESSION INVESTMENTS ("ICI")

SNC-Lavalin makes investments in infrastructure concessions in certain infrastructure for public services, such as airports, bridges, cultural and public service buildings, power, mass transit systems, roads and water.

In accordance with IFRS, SNC-Lavalin's infrastructure concession investments are accounted for by as follows:

Accounting method

| TYPE OF INFLUENCE | ACCOUNTING METHOD |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Non-significant influence | Cost method |
| Significant influence | Equity method |
| Jointly controlled entity | Equity method |
| Control | Full consolidation method |

Accounting model

| TYPE OF CONCESSION | ACCOUNTING MODEL |
|--|---|
| Service concession arrangements accounted for under IFRIC 12 | Financial asset model when concessionaire bears no demand risk |
| | Intangible asset model when concessionaire bears demand risk |
| | Bifurcated model when concessionaire and grantor share demand risk |
| Other investments | Model based on specific facts and circumstances, but usually with infrastructure asset accounted for as property and equipment. |

The main concessions and public-private partnerships contracts reported under IFRIC Interpretation 12, *Service Concession Arrangements*, ("IFRIC 12") are all accounted for under the financial asset model, except Rayalseema Expressway Private Limited ("REPL") concession, which is accounted for under the intangible asset model.

In order to provide the reader of the financial statements with a better understanding of the financial position and results of operations of its ICI, the Company presents certain distinct financial information related specifically to its ICI throughout its financial statements, as well as certain additional information below.

A) ADDITIONS AND AGREEMENT TO INCREASE OWNERSHIP INTEREST OF ICI

I) IN THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

ALTALINK

On February 25, 2011, SNC-Lavalin entered into an agreement to acquire a 23.08% ownership interest in AltaLink from Macquarie Essential Assets Partnership ("MEAP") for \$213 million, subject to certain adjustments. The agreement was concluded following the acceptance by SNC-Lavalin of an offer from MEAP to make the acquisition. The offer was presented to SNC-Lavalin in response to a binding offer received by MEAP from a third party and pursuant to a right of first refusal held by SNC-Lavalin to acquire MEAP's ownership interest in AltaLink. The closing of the transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approval, including approval from the *Alberta Utilities Commission*, and would bring SNC-Lavalin's ownership in AltaLink to 100%.

This potential acquisition of the remaining ownership in AltaLink is expected to be recorded as an equity transaction.

4. INFRASTRUCTURE CONCESSION INVESTMENTS ("ICI") (CONTINUED)

II) IN THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

CHINOOK ROADS PARTNERSHIP

At the end of March 2010, Chinook Roads Partnership ("Chinook"), an entity accounted for by the equity method in which SNC-Lavalin holds a 50% equity interest, entered into a contract with Alberta Transportation to design, build, operate, maintain and partially finance the southeast section of Calgary's Stoney Trail Ring Road, in Canada.

Under this public-private partnership contract, Chinook will design and build 25 kilometres of a six-lane road including nine interchanges, one road and two rail flyovers, and 27 bridge structures. Once completed, Chinook will operate and maintain the road and other existing infrastructure until 2043.

Upon signing the contract with Alberta Transportation, Chinook subcontracted the engineering, procurement and construction ("EPC") and the O&M work to joint ventures 50% owned by SNC-Lavalin.

SNC-Lavalin and its partner committed to invest a total of \$32.3 million in equity and subordinated debt in Chinook.

MCGILL UNIVERSITY HEALTH CENTRE PROJECT

In July 2010, SNC-Lavalin, its partner and the McGill University Health Centre ("MUHC") announced the financial closure and official signing of a partnership agreement between MUHC and Groupe immobilier santé McGill ("MIHG"), composed of SNC-Lavalin and Innisfree Ltd. Under this 34-year public-private partnership, MIHG will design, build, finance and maintain MUHC's new Glen Campus, comprised mainly of two hospitals, a cancer centre and a research institute, located in Montreal, Canada.

Also in July 2010, MIHG awarded to SNC-Lavalin an EPC contract for approximately \$1.6 billion to design and build the facilities. Construction is underway and is expected to be completed in the autumn of 2014. Once completed, MIHG will maintain the campus for the next 30 years.

SNC-Lavalin and its partner committed to invest, directly or indirectly, an amount of \$191.8 million in equity and subordinated debt. SNC-Lavalin's investment in MIHG is accounted for by the equity method.

RAYALSEEMA EXPRESSWAY PRIVATE LIMITED

The Company acquired in 2010 a 36.9% equity interest in Rayalseema Expressway Private Limited ("REPL"), an entity that had previously entered into a contract with the National Highways Authority of India to build and operate the 189-kilometre Cuddapah-Kurnool section of National Highway 18, in the state of Andhra Pradesh, India. Under this 30-year public-private partnership contract, REPL will expand the existing two-lane stretch to four lanes and operate the section of the toll highway. SNC-Lavalin committed to invest an amount of \$36.7 million in equity and subordinated debt. SNC-Lavalin's investment in REPL is accounted for by the equity method.

B) DISPOSALS OF ICI

I) DISPOSALS IN 2010

VALENER INC. (PREVIOUSLY GAZ MÉTRO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP)

In October 2010, SNC-Lavalin had entered into an agreement with a group of financial institutions to sell all of its approximately 10.07% equity interest in Valener Inc. (TSX:VNR) ("Valener") consisting of 3,516,453 common shares of Valener, on an underwritten block trade basis, for net proceeds of \$58.7 million, resulting in a loss after taxes of \$1.3 million. The transaction was closed in November 2010.

TRENCAP LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

In November 2010, SNC-Lavalin had entered into an agreement with Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec to sell all of its approximately 11.1% interest in Trencap Limited Partnership. The transaction generated net proceeds of \$118.2 million and resulted in a gain after taxes of \$27.4 million.

4. INFRASTRUCTURE CONCESSION INVESTMENTS ("ICI") (CONTINUED)

C) NET BOOK VALUE OF ICI

The Company's consolidated statement of financial position includes the following assets and liabilities from its ICI:

| | JUNE 30 2011 | DEC | DEMBER 31 2010 |
|--|-----------------|-----|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,841 | \$ | 16,757 |
| Restricted cash | 2,589 | | 8,235 |
| Trade receivables, contracts in progress, other current financial assets and other current assets | 51,469 | | 45,698 |
| Property and equipment | 2,266,185 | | 2,072,814 |
| Goodwill | 203,786 | | 203,786 |
| Non-current financial assets, other non-current assets and deferred tax asset | 446,328 | | 401,391 |
| Total assets | 2,975,198 | | 2,748,681 |
| Trade payables, deferred revenues, other current financial liabilities and other current liabilities | 149,514 | | 142,560 |
| Non-recourse short-term debt and current portion of non-recourse long-term | 175,638 | | 38,762 |
| Non-recourse long-term debt | 1,523,303 | | 1,529,024 |
| Other non-current financial liabilities, provisions, non-current deferred revenues and other non- current liabilities | 508,723 | | 498,728 |
| Non-controlling interests | 107,965 | | 98,172 |
| Total liabilities and non-controlling interests | 2,465,143 | | 2,307,246 |
| Net assets from ICI accounted for by the full consolidation method | \$ 510,055 | \$ | 441,435 |
| Net book value of ICI accounted for by the equity method | \$ 389,260 | \$ | 392,528 |
| Net book value of ICI accounted for by the cost method | 284,789 | | 234,420 |
| Net book value of ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods | \$ 674,049 | \$ | 626,948 |
| Total net book value of ICI | \$ 1,184,104 | \$ | 1,068,383 |

5. ATOMIC ENERGY OF CANADA LIMITED

In June 2011, CANDU Energy Inc. ("CANDU Energy"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, agreed with the Government of Canada to acquire certain assets of Atomic Energy of Canada Limited's ("AECL") commercial reactor division for a purchase price of \$15 million and royalty payments from future new build and life extension projects. As part of the transaction, AECL will retain its past liabilities. Approximately 1,200 employees are expected to be transitioned from AECL to CANDU Energy and the acquisition is expected to be finalized in early fall 2011, subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions including Competition Act compliance and other administrative approvals.

In addition to the acquisition, CANDU Energy will work towards completing the Enhanced CANDU reactor (EC6) development program, with the support of up to \$75 million from the Government of Canada.

6. NET FINANCIAL EXPENSES

| | SECOND QUARTER | | | SIX MONTHS I | D JUNE 30 | |
|------------------------|----------------|----|---------|---------------|-----------|---------|
| | 2011 | | 2010 | 2011 | | 2010 |
| Interest revenues: | | | | | | |
| From ICI | \$ (3,207) | \$ | (20) | \$ (3,247) | \$ | (33) |
| From other activities | (2,452) | | (1,082) | (5,064) | | (1,885) |
| Interest on debt: | | | | | | |
| Recourse | 5,486 | | 7,528 | 10,910 | | 14,998 |
| Non-recourse from ICI: | | | | | | |
| AltaLink | 19,406 | | 17,212 | 39,074 | | 33,027 |
| Other | 1,993 | | 2,069 | 4,030 | | 4,239 |
| Other: | | | | | | |
| From ICI | 1,921 | | 2,382 | 3,459 | | 2,501 |
| From other activities | 3,251 | | 2,712 | 4,420 | | 3,536 |
| Net financial expenses | \$ 26,398 | \$ | 30,801 | \$ 53,582 | \$ | 56,383 |

7. PENSION PLANS

SNC-Lavalin has defined contribution pension plans for which its contributions are recorded as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, as well as defined benefit pension plans which provide pension benefits based on length of service and final pensionable earnings.

SNC-Lavalin's total defined benefit charges for its defined benefit pension plans were \$0.4 million for the second quarter of 2011 (second quarter of 2010: \$2.4 million) and \$0.8 million for the first six months of 2011 (first six months of 2010: \$2.8 million).

8. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

A) STOCK OPTIONS

The stock option compensation cost recorded as an expense in the second quarter and the first six months of 2011 was \$7.4 million (2010: \$1.7 million) and \$9.4 million (2010: \$8.8 million), respectively. The following table presents the weighted average assumptions used to determine the stock option compensation cost, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model:

| | SEC | COND QUARTER (*) | SIX MON | THS ENDED JUNE 30 |
|---------------------------------|---------|------------------|---------|-------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Risk-free interest rate | 2.16% | _ | 2.16% | 2.47% |
| Expected stock price volatility | 34.78% | _ | 34.78% | 36.65% |
| Expected option life | 4 years | _ | 4 years | 4 years |
| Expected dividend yield | 1.00% | _ | 1.00% | 1.00% |

^(*) There are no figures for the second quarter of 2010 as no stock options were granted to employees during that period.

During the second quarter of 2011, 1,114,200 stock options were granted to employees (second quarter of 2010: no stock options) with a weighted average fair value of \$15.04 per stock option. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company granted 1,114,200 stock options (six-month period ended June 30, 2010: 1,098,500 stock options) to employees with a weighted average fair value of \$15.04 per stock option (six-month period ended June 30, 2010: \$15.49 per stock option).

As at June 30, 2011, 5,826,490 stock options were outstanding (December 31, 2010: 5,126,117 stock options), while 1,185,800 stock options remained available for future grants (December 31, 2010: 548,516 stock options under the Company's 2009 Stock Option Plan) under the Company's 2011 Stock Option Plan.

8. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

B) PERFORMANCE SHARE UNIT ("PSU") PLAN, DEFERRED SHARE UNIT ("DSU") PLAN AND RESTRICTED SHARE UNIT ("RSU") PLAN

| SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 | 2011 | 2011 | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------|----------------------------------|----|---|
| | NUMBER OF GRANTED SHARE UNITS | WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR VALUE PER UNIT | | NUMBER OF GRANTED SHARE UNITS | | WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR ALUE PER UNIT |
| 2009 PSU plan | 35,734 | \$ | 55.00 | 31,322 | \$ | 52.40 |
| 2009 DSU plan | 36,516 | \$ | 54.98 | 34,027 | \$ | 52.40 |
| RSU plan | 89,150 | \$ | 55.23 | 72,400 | \$ | 52.35 |

The compensation expense relating to the PSU, DSU and RSU plans recorded in the second quarter and the first six months of 2011 was \$1.7 million (2010: reversal of expense of \$0.2 million) and \$4.5 million (2010: \$2.9 million), respectively.

9. WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING SHARES

The weighted average number of outstanding shares for the second quarters and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 used to calculate the basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

| (IN THOUSANDS) | SECOND QUARTER SIX MONTHS ENDED J | | | DED JUNE 30 |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares - basic | 150,824 | 150,932 | 150,888 | 150,962 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options | 1,132 | 1,068 | 1,260 | 1,240 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares - diluted | 151,956 | 152,000 | 152,148 | 152,202 |

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, 1,126,200 outstanding stock options have not been included in the computation of diluted earnings per share (six-month period ended June 30, 2010: 1,094,000 outstanding stock options).

10. DIVIDENDS

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, SNC-Lavalin recognized as distributions to its equity shareholders dividends of \$63.4 million or \$0.42 per share (six-month period ended June 30, 2010: \$51.3 million or \$0.34 per share).

| SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|----------|----------|
| Dividends payable at January 1 | \$ - | \$ _ |
| Interim dividends declared during the six-month period ended June 30 | 63,361 | 51,318 |
| Interim dividends paid during the six-month period ended June 30 | (63,361) | (51,318) |
| Dividends payable at June 30 | \$ - | \$ _ |

11. OTHER COMPONENTS OF EQUITY

The Company has the following elements, net of income tax, within its other components of equity at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| | JUNE 30 | DE | CEMBER 31 |
|--|----------------|----|-----------|
| | 2011 | | 2010 |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign operations | \$ (14,694) | \$ | (21,077) |
| Available-for-sale financial assets | 2,185 | | 1,317 |
| Cash flow hedges | (20,887) | | (15,920) |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of investments accounted for | | | |
| by the equity method | (33,979) | | (31,800) |
| Other components of equity | \$ (67,375) | \$ | (67,480) |

11. OTHER COMPONENTS OF EQUITY (CONTINUED)

- Translation of foreign operations component represents exchange differences relating to the translation from the
 functional currencies of the Company's foreign operations into Canadian dollars. On disposal of a foreign operation, the
 cumulative translation differences are reclassified to net income as part of the gain or loss on disposal.
- Available-for-sale financial assets component arises upon the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets. Where a
 revalued financial asset is sold, the portion of the component that relates to that financial asset, and is effectively realized,
 is recognized in net income. Where a revaluated financial asset is impaired, the portion of the component that relates to
 that financial asset is recognized in net income.
- Cash flow hedges component represents hedging gains and losses recognized on the effective portion of cash flow
 hedges. The cumulative deferred gain or loss on the hedge is recognized in net income when the hedged transaction
 impacts net income, or is included as a basis adjustment to the non-financial hedged item, consistent with the applicable
 accounting policy.
- Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of investments accounted for by the equity method represents the Company's proportionate share of the other comprehensive income (loss) from its investments accounted for by the equity method.

The following table provides a reconciliation of each element of other components of equity for the second quarters and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010:

| | SECOND QUARTER | | | SIX MONTHS EN | | NDED JUNE 30 | |
|--|----------------|----------|-------------|---------------|----------|--------------|--|
| | | 2011 | 2010 | | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Exchange difference on translating foreign operations: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ | (20,622) | \$ (22,548) | \$ | (21,077) | \$ - | |
| Current period gains (losses) | | 5,928 | (11,038) | | 6,383 | (33,586) | |
| Balance at end of period | | (14,694) | (33,586) | | (14,694) | (33,586) | |
| Available-for-sale financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | | 1,608 | 15,511 | | 1,317 | 11,215 | |
| Current period gains | | 739 | 6,836 | | 1,077 | 11,735 | |
| Income tax expense relating to current period gains | | (132) | (894) | | (179) | (1,497) | |
| Reclassification to net income | | (35) | - | | (35) | - | |
| Income tax expense relating to amounts reclassified to net income | | 5 | - | | 5 | - | |
| Balance at end of period | | 2,185 | 21,453 | | 2,185 | 21,453 | |
| Cash flow hedges: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | | (15,627) | 7,414 | | (15,920) | (1,136) | |
| Current period gains (losses) | | (3,212) | 1,998 | | (8,903) | 32,493 | |
| Income tax benefit (expense) relating to current period gains (losses) | | 800 | (11,739) | | 1,658 | (16,190) | |
| Reclassification to net income | | (3,107) | (18,710) | | 3,272 | (39,076) | |
| Income tax expense (benefit) relating to amounts reclassified to net | | | | | | | |
| income | | 259 | 14,613 | | (994) | 17,485 | |
| Balance at end of period | | (20,887) | (6,424) | | (20,887) | (6,424) | |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of investments accounted | | | | | | | |
| for by the equity method: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | | (24,069) | (18,314) | | (31,800) | (14,114) | |
| Current period share | | (17,115) | (24,213) | | (7,581) | (34,512) | |
| Income tax benefit relating to current period share | | 5,527 | 9,427 | | 2,466 | 12,995 | |
| Reclassification to net income | | 2,405 | 1,699 | | 4,146 | 5,477 | |
| Income tax benefit relating to amounts reclassified to net income | | (727) | (321) | | (1,210) | (1,568) | |
| Balance at end of period | | (33,979) | (31,722) | | (33,979) | (31,722) | |
| Other components of equity | \$ | (67,375) | \$ (50,279) | \$ | (67,375) | \$ (50,279) | |

As mentioned in Note 14, the Company elected to reclassify cumulative translation losses included in other components of equity, under "exchange differences on translating foreign operations" account, to retained earnings upon transition to IFRS on January 1, 2010.

12. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The following table presents the items included in the net change in non-cash working capital related to operating activities presented in the statements of cash flows:

| | SECOND QUARTER | | | SIX MONTHS ENDED . | | | DED JUNE 30 |
|--|-----------------|----|-----------|--------------------|-----------|----|-------------|
| | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2010 |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables | \$ (115,245) | \$ | 31,239 | \$ | (194,700) | \$ | 119,383 |
| Decrease (increase) in other current financial assets | (23,969) | | 16,320 | | (87,260) | | (28,410) |
| Increase in other current assets | (22,974) | | (12,798) | | (19,685) | | (7,062) |
| Decrease (increase) in contracts in progress | 172,861 | | (79,379) | | 199,038 | | (85,018) |
| Increase (decrease) in trade payables | (60,335) | | (91,661) | | 33,711 | | (94,969) |
| Increase (decrease) in other current financial liabilities | 12,948 | | (9,555) | | 18,831 | | (28,814) |
| Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities | 44 | | (24,221) | | 7,558 | | (50,635) |
| Increase (decrease) in downpayments on contracts | (28,126) | | 2,781 | | (58,992) | | (37,778) |
| Increase in deferred revenues | 15,215 | | 34,741 | | 66,555 | | 62,285 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items | \$ (49,581) | \$ | (132,533) | \$ | (34,944) | \$ | (151,018) |

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of its operations, SNC-Lavalin enters into transactions with certain of its ICI. Investments in which SNC-Lavalin has significant influence or joint control, which are accounted for by the equity method, are considered related parties, consistent with IFRS.

Consistent with IFRS, intragroup profits generated from revenues with ICI accounted for by the equity or full consolidation methods are eliminated in the period they occur, except when such profits are deemed to have been realized by the ICI with a third party. Profits generated from transactions with ICI accounted for by the cost method are not eliminated, in accordance with IFRS.

The accounting treatment of intragroup profits is summarized below:

| ICI | ACCOUNTING METHOD | ACCOUNTING TREATMENT OF INTRAGROUP PROFITS |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| AltaLink | Full consolidation method | Not eliminated upon consolidation in the period they occur, as they are considered realized by AltaLink with a third party through the approval of rates. |
| Service concession arrangements accounted | Full consolidation method | Not eliminated upon consolidation in the period they occur, as they are considered realized by the ICI through the contractual agreement with its client. |
| for under IFRIC 12 | Equity method | Not eliminated upon consolidation in the period they occur, as they are considered realized by the ICI through the contractual agreement with its client. |
| Others | Equity method | Eliminated in the period they occur, as a reduction of the underlying asset and subsequently recognized over the depreciation period of the corresponding asset. |
| | Cost method | Not eliminated, in accordance with IFRS. |

For the second quarter and the first six months of 2011, SNC-Lavalin recognized revenues of \$172.9 million (second quarter of 2010: \$71.0 million) and \$290.1 million (first six months of 2010: \$120.3 million), respectively, from contracts with ICI accounted for by the equity method. For the second quarter and the first six months of 2011, intragroup revenues generated from transactions with AltaLink, which amounted to \$64.6 million (second quarter of 2010: \$67.8 million) and \$112.5 million (first six months of 2010: \$133.4 million), respectively, were eliminated upon consolidation, while profits from those transactions were not eliminated as they are deemed to have been realized with a third party.

SNC-Lavalin's trade receivables from these ICI accounted for by the equity method amounted to \$43.3 million as at June 30, 2011 (December 31, 2010: \$12.0 million). SNC-Lavalin's remaining commitment to invest in these ICI accounted for by the equity method was \$139.2 at June 30, 2011 (December 31, 2010: \$178.6 million).

All of these related party transactions are measured at fair value.

14. FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS

As stated in Note 2, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34.

In February 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") announced the changeover to IFRS for Canadian publicly accountable enterprises for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. In October 2009, the AcSB reconfirmed January 1, 2011 as the date of changeover to move financial reporting for Canadian publicly accountable enterprises to IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Therefore, the Company's IFRS accounting policies presented in Note 2 in the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011 have been applied in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, as well as all comparative information included in these financial statements. Consequently, January 1, 2010 is the Company's date of transition ("Date of Transition") from Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") to IFRS.

The current note has been prepared with the objective of explaining to the reader the impact of the Company's transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS, and is structured as follows:

| Section | Title | Objective |
|---------|--|--|
| 14.1 | Executive summary | Provides an overview of the main accounting differences in the Company's accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS |
| 14.2 | Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position and equity | Provides a quantitative reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS for the Company's consolidated statement of financial position and equity as at June 30, 2010, with detailed explanations on the reconciling items |
| 14.3 | Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated income statements | Provides a quantitative reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS for the Company's consolidated income statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010, with detailed explanations on the reconciling items |
| 14.4 | Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income | Provides a quantitative reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS for the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010, with detailed explanations of the reconciling items |
| 14.5 | Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows | Explains the main differences between Canadian GAAP and IFRS for the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows from January 1, 2010 and thereafter |
| 14.6 | Other | Explains other IFRS requirements regarding January 1, 2010 |

14.1 Executive summary

As required by IFRS, the Company has applied IFRS 1, First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards, ("IFRS 1") in preparing its IFRS consolidated financial statements. The general principle underlying IFRS 1 is that the IFRS financial statements are to be prepared as if IFRS had been the framework for the Company's accounting since its inception (i.e., retrospective application).

While IFRS 1 does not require the restatement of all historical financial statements previous to the Date of Transition (January 1, 2010), the cumulative differences on net income between Canadian GAAP and IFRS resulting from transactions prior to that date are to be recorded as adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings as at January 1, 2010. As the burden of issuers adopting IFRS for the first time could be significant, IFRS 1 provides for a limited number of mandatory exceptions and of optional exemptions to the general principle of retrospective application. All issuers adopting IFRS for the first time are required to apply the mandatory exceptions, but they have a choice to apply or not the optional exemptions. The Company has applied all mandatory exceptions and has applied certain of the optional exemptions that are detailed in the current note, resulting in the prospective application of IFRS related to these exceptions and exemptions.

Upon transition to IFRS, certain of the Company's accounting policies did not require a change, while others have been changed. The following table summarizes the main differences between IFRS and Canadian GAAP that impacted the Company's consolidated financial statements:

| IFRS | Canadian GAAP | Impact on the Company at the Date of Transition | Future impact on the Company | Retrospective application |
|---|--|---|--|---------------------------|
| | nts (IFRIC 12) [note a in section 1 | | 1, | 11 |
| IFRIC 12 provides guidance on the accounting for certain qualifying public-private partnership arrangements. Under such arrangements, the concessionaire accounts for the infrastructure asset by applying the intangible asset model, the financial asset model, or a combination of both. | No equivalent standard. The accounting treatment is derived from other relevant standards based on the arrangement's facts and circumstances. | The adjustments relating to the retrospective application of IFRIC 12 were recorded in the Company's opening retained earnings at the Date of Transition to IFRS. | The Company will follow the guidance of IFRIC 12 to account for its qualifying public-private partnership agreements. | Yes |
| Interests in Joint Ventures (IAS | 31) [note b in section 14.2] | | | |
| IFRS currently allows accounting for jointly controlled entities using either the equity method or the proportionate consolidation method. IFRS requires a venturer to account for its share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses for jointly controlled operations and jointly controlled assets. | Canadian GAAP requires the use of the proportionate consolidation method for all types of joint ventures. | Upon transition to IFRS, the Company elected to account for its jointly controlled entities, mainly ICI, using the equity method. At the Date of Transition, the adjustment relating to this change in accounting policy was recorded in the opening retained earnings of the Company. This adjustment is related to investments that had a negative carrying amount. | The Company continues to account for its share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses from its jointly controlled operations while the equity method applies to its jointly controlled entities (mainly ICI). | Yes |
| Business Combinations (IFRS 3 |) | | | |
| IFRS requires all business combinations to be accounted for using the acquisition method. As per the acquisition method, identifiable net assets acquired in a business combination are recorded at "full fair value", with components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree recorded at either: i) fair value; or ii) non-controlling interests' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All acquisition-related costs are recognized as period expenses, unless they constitute the costs associated with issuing debt or equity securities. Employee Benefits (IAS 19) [notesting the acquired and the acquired as period expenses, unless they constitute the costs associated with issuing debt or equity securities. | using the purchase method. As per the purchase method, identifiable net assets and goodwill acquired in a business combination were recorded at the acquirer's share of the fair value of the net assets acquired. Any non-controlling interest in the acquiree was recorded at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share in the net book value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All acquisition-related costs were capitalized in goodwill, unless they constituted the costs associated with issuing debt or equity securities. | As per the optional exemption in IFRS 1, an entity may elect not to apply IFRS 3 retrospectively to business combinations undertaken prior to the Date of Transition. The Company has elected not to restate business combinations undertaken prior to January 1, 2010. However, the Company applied all of the requirements prescribed by IFRS 1 to business combinations that the Company recognized before the Date of Transition, with no adjustment relating to business combinations recorded by the Company on the Date of Transition to IFRS. | All business combinations undertaken on or after January 1, 2010 are accounted for using the acquisition method. | No |
| | | | | |
| IFRS allows accounting for actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans and post-retirement benefit plans in net income or in other comprehensive income. | Canadian GAAP requires to account for recognized actuarial gains or losses arising from defined benefit plans and post-retirement benefit plans in net income. | The optional exemption in IFRS 1 provides for the recognition of all cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains and losses through an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at the Date of Transition to IFRS. The Company elected to apply this exemption and recorded an adjustment in the amount of the Canadian GAAP balance of its cumulative unrecognized net actuarial losses in its opening retained earnings at the Date of Transition. | The effect of actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans and post-retirement benefit plans will no longer affect net income under the Company's accounting policy choice. The effects of actuarial gains and losses will be recognized immediately in equity, rather than being recognized over a period of time in net income. | No |

| IFRS | Canadian GAAP | Impact on the Company at the Date of Transition | Future impact on the Company | Retrospective application |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| The Effects of Changes in Foreign E | | | on the company | иррисцион |
| IFRS does not distinguish between self-sustaining or integrated foreign operations. It rather requires all entities, including foreign operations, to determine their functional currency and to translate their results and financial position into that functional currency. Then, the financial statements of foreign operations with a functional currency different from the functional currency of the reporting entity are translated in the presentation currency, so that the foreign operations can be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity by consolidation, proportionate consolidation or the equity method by using a method equivalent to the current rate method. | Canadian GAAP requires self-sustaining foreign operations to be translated using the current rate method and integrated foreign operations to be translated using the temporal method. | The optional exemption in IFRS 1 allows an entity to reset its cumulative translation differences for all foreign operations to zero by transferring the balance of its cumulative translation differences account, included in the statement of changes in equity, to its retained earnings at the Date of Transition to IFRS. The Company elected to apply this exemption and transferred to retained earnings the Canadian GAAP balance included in other components of equity, under "exchange differences on translating foreign operations" account, on the Date of Transition to IFRS. | Starting January 1, 2010, the Company applies the IFRS guidance on foreign currency on a prospective basis, with no significant impact expected on net income. | No |
| Rate-regulated Activities [note c.5 in | section 14.2] | | | |
| No specific standard for rate-regulated activities | Canadian GAAP provides guidance for entities subject to rate regulation related to the recognition of their regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities. | The carrying amount of items of property and equipment or intangible assets subject to rate regulation might include amounts, under Canadian GAAP, that do not qualify for capitalisation under IFRS. As per the optional exemption in IFRS 1 effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011, an entity may elect to use the Canadian GAAP carrying amount of such items as its opening IFRS balance at the Date of Transition to IFRS if it early adopts this optional exemption on January 1, 2010. The Company elected to early adopt this optional exemption on January 1, 2010 and applied it to the qualifying items of property and equipment and intangible assets of AltaLink, its subsidiary involved with rate-regulated transmission lines and substations in Alberta, Canada. AltaLink's qualifying items of property and equipment and intangible assets subject to rate regulation are therefore carried at their Canadian GAAP balance in the Company's consolidated statement of financial position at the Date of Transition to IFRS and thereafter. | Property and equipment and intangible assets of AltaLink used in operations subject to rate regulation constructed or acquired on or after January 1, 2010 are accounted for under applicable relevant standards of IFRS. No material impact on AltaLink's net income is expected following the transition to IFRS. | property and equipment and intangible |
| | | All other assets and liabilities of AltaLink were subject to the IFRS 1 requirement of retrospective application, except for those subject to the mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions. | | Yes for all other assets and liabilities. |
| Financial Instruments: Recognition | and Measurement (IAS 39 | 9) [note d.1 in section 14.2] | | |
| IFRS requires all available-for-sale financial assets to be measured at fair value, unless fair value is not reliably determinable. | Under Canadian GAAP, unlisted securities are measured at cost, even if their fair value could be reliably determined. | The Company measured its unlisted securities at fair value on January 1, 2010, unless fair value was not reliably measurable, and recorded a corresponding adjustment in its other components of equity at January 1, 2010. | Subsequent to January 1, 2010, revaluation gains (losses) on these securities are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. | Yes |

Other optional exemptions available under IFRS 1 as well as other accounting standards under which the Company had to elect a method from available accounting methods are not discussed here as their impact is not material to the Company.

14.2 Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's June 30, 2010 consolidated statement of financial position

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | | June 30, 2010 Effect of transition to IFRS | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--|---------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Canadian GAAP | IFRIC 12 | IAS 31 | Reclassi- fications | Other | Tax effect | IFRS |
| ASSETS | GAIN | (Note 14.2 a) | (Note 14.2 b) | (Note 14.2 c) | (Note 14.2 d) | circu | пъ |
| Current assets | | (| (, | (| (| | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,130,293 | _ | (27,849) | _ | - | - | 1,102,444 |
| Restricted cash | 175,835 | _ | (141,965) | _ | - | - | 33,870 |
| Trade and other receivables | 1,332,246 | (16,537) | (10,109) | (423,501) | - | - | 882,099 |
| Contracts in progress | 555,131 | - | - | - | - | - | 555,131 |
| Contracts in progress from concession arrangements | 63,935 | (57,752) | (6,183) | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Other current financial assets | - | - | (3,973) | 310,282 | 212 | | 306,521 |
| Deferred tax asset | 92,657 | - | - | (92,657) | - | _ | - |
| Other current assets | - | _ | (618) | 113,219 | - | _ | 112,601 |
| Total current assets | 3,350,097 | (74,289) | (190,697) | (92,657) | 212 | - | 2,992,666 |
| Property and equipment: | | | | | | | |
| From ICI | 2,391,743 | (142,528) | (386,768) | 35,651 | (7,036) | - | 1,891,062 |
| From other activities | 106,487 | - | - | - | (2,300) | - | 104,187 |
| ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods | 432,824 | 48,690 | 24,062 | 48,014 | 25,559 | - | 579,149 |
| Goodwill | 514,691 | - | _ | _ | (397) | - | 514,294 |
| Deferred tax asset | _ | _ | (9,729) | 92,657 | 85,841 | (3,299) | 165,470 |
| Non-current financial assets | _ | 215,583 | (119,953) | 210,397 | 10,187 | - | 316,214 |
| Other non-current assets | 564,582 | | (271,100) | (193,912) | | _ | 99,570 |
| Total assets | 7,360,424 | 47,456 | (954,185) | 100,150 | 112,066 | (3,299) | 6,662,612 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 1,430,422 | _ | (20,945) | (249,955) | 24 | _ | 1,159,546 |
| Downpayments on contracts | 353,941 | _ | (20,5 .5) | (2.5,555) | - | _ | 353,941 |
| Deferred revenues | 546,072 | (389) | 4,918 | 6,881 | _ | _ | 557,482 |
| Other current financial liabilities | - | - | 19,702 | 179,555 | _ | _ | 199,257 |
| Other current liabilities | _ | _ | (9) | 43,067 | _ | _ | 43,058 |
| Current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt: | | | (-) | , | | | , |
| Recourse | 104,960 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 104,960 |
| Non-recourse from ICI | 215,407 | _ | (211,322) | 82,329 | _ | _ | 86,414 |
| Total current liabilities | 2,650,802 | (389) | (207,656) | 61,877 | 24 | - | 2,504,658 |
| Long torm debts | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt: Recourse | 348,125 | | | _ | | | 348,125 |
| Non-recourse from ICI | 2,296,247 | - | (832,524) | (82,329) | - | - | 1,381,394 |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | 2,290,247 | - | (632,324) | 92,306 | (852) | - | 91,454 |
| Provisions | - | - | - | 104,000 | 24,186 | - | 128,186 |
| Non-current deferred revenues | - | - | - | 379,243 | 24,180 | - | 379,243 |
| Deferred tax liability | 22,783 | - | | | | | |
| • | 460,964 | - | 1,820 | (2,070) | 85,841 | 5,715 | 114,089 |
| Other non-current liabilities Total liabilities | 5,778,921 | (389) | (1,038,360) | (452,877) 100,150 | 109,199 | 5,715 | 8,087 4,955,236 |
| Non-controlling interests | 86,758 | - | - | (86,758) | - | - | - |
| Equity | | | | | | | |
| Share capital | 404,513 | | | | | | 404 512 |
| Contributed surplus | 42,079 | - | - | (42,079) | - | - | 404,513 |
| Other components of equity | | | | | 27.514 | (2.076) | (50.270) |
| Retained earnings | (80,736) | 46,423 | (3,081) | - 42.070 | 37,514 | (3,976) | (50,279) |
| Equity attributable to SNC-Lavalin shareholders | 1,128,889 | | 87,256 | 42,079 | (34,681) | (5,038) | 1,264,928 |
| | , , | 46,423 | 84,175 | 96.759 | 2,833 | (9,014) | 1,619,162 |
| Non-controlling interests Total equity | 1,494,745 | 1,422 47,845 | 84,175 | 86,758 86,758 | 2,867 | (9,014) | 88,214 1,707,376 |
| 1 0 | , , | | | ŕ | | | |
| Total liabilities and equity | 7,360,424 | 47,456 | (954,185) | 100,150 | 112,066 | (3,299) | 6,662,612 |

See pages 21 to 29 for explanatory notes to the reconciliation above.

Reconciliation of equity

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | | Effect of transition to IFRS |
|--|----------|------------------------------|
| | | June 30, |
| | Note | 2010 |
| Total shareholders' equity under Canadian GAAP | | 1,494,745 |
| Service concession arrangements | 14.2 a | 47,845 |
| Jointly controlled entities | 14.2 b | 84,175 |
| Reclassification of non-controlling interests to equity | 14.2 c.1 | 86,758 |
| Measurement of available-for-sale securities | 14.2 d.1 | 28,222 |
| Defined benefit plans and other post-retirement benefits | 14.2 d.2 | (21,923) |
| Other | | (3,432) |
| Total adjustment to equity, before income taxes | | 221,645 |
| Income tax effect of the above | | (9,014) |
| Total adjustment to equity | | 212,631 |
| Total equity under IFRS | | 1,707,376 |

14.2 a. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (IFRIC 12)

Upon transition to IFRS, the Company retrospectively adopted IFRIC Interpretation 12, *Service Concession Arrangements*, ("IFRIC 12"). IFRIC 12 provides guidance on the accounting for certain qualifying public-private partnership arrangements, whereby the grantor (i.e., usually a government):

- i) controls or regulates what services the operator (i.e. "the concessionaire") must provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price, and
- ii) controls any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

Typically, in a public-private service concession arrangement within the scope of IFRIC 12, the underlying infrastructure is used to deliver public services (e.g., roads, bridges, hospitals, electricity supply plants, etc.) to users of those services. The contractual arrangement between the government and the concessionaire is referred to as a "concession agreement", under which the government specifies the responsibilities of the concessionaire and governs the basis upon which the concessionaire will be remunerated. The concessionaire is usually responsible for the construction of the infrastructure, its operation and maintenance and its rehabilitation and is usually paid by the government, the users, or both. In certain cases, the concessionaire can receive payments from the government during the initial construction phase. At the end of the term of a concession agreement, the infrastructure is returned to the government, often for no additional consideration. These arrangements vary greatly in duration, but terms of 20 to 40 years are usual.

Under such concession arrangements, the concessionaire accounts for the infrastructure asset by applying i) the intangible asset model if the concessionaire bears demand risk through the usage of the infrastructure; ii) the financial asset model if the concessionaire does not bear such risk; or iii) a combination of both (i.e., bifurcated model) if the concessionaire bears part of such risk.

The following Company's ICI were identified as being within the scope of IFRIC 12:

| | Financial Asset Model | Intangible Asset Model |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| ICI existing at January 1, 2010: | | |
| InTransit BC L.P. | \checkmark | |
| Okanagan Lake Concession L.P. | \checkmark | |
| Ovation Real Estate Group (Quebec) Inc. | \checkmark | |
| TC Dôme S.A.S. | \checkmark | |
| ICI entered into after January 1, 2010: | | |
| Chinook Roads Partnership | \checkmark | |
| Groupe Immobilier Santé McGill | \checkmark | |
| Rayalseema Expressway Private Limited | | V |

In these concession arrangements, the concessionaire usually subcontracts the EPC and O&M contracts to the Company's subsidiaries or joint ventures.

The table below highlights the main characteristics of the Company's concession arrangements within the scope of IFRIC 12 for which the financial asset model is applied:

Demand risk

The government bears demand risk as the government pays the Company a fixed monetary amount, usually conditional on availability and performance conditions, regardless of the usage of the infrastructure.

Impact on the Company's consolidated income statement

General principle:

The Company accounts for the total consideration as revenue, based on the fair value of each deliverable activity. Consistent with IFRS, intragroup profits generated by the Company's subsidiaries or joint ventures acting as a contractor or operator for the concessionaire are not eliminated, resulting in the Company recognizing revenues and profit (loss) from all activities provided through the concession agreement.

Construction revenues:

The Company recognizes revenues and costs relating to construction of infrastructure in accordance with IAS 11, *Construction Contracts*, ("IAS 11") under the same methodology as any other construction contract and classifies these revenues as "Packages" activities.

Operations and maintenance revenues:

The Company recognizes revenues and costs relating to operation and maintenance of an infrastructure as any other operation and maintenance contract and classifies these revenues as "O&M" activities.

Rehabilitation revenues

When rehabilitation activities are considered revenue-generating activities, revenues are recognized in accordance with IAS 11 under the same methodology as any other similar contract and the Company classifies these revenues as "O&M" activities.

Finance income

Finance income generated on financial assets is recognized using the effective interest method and is classified as revenue from "ICI" activities.

Impact on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position

Revenues recognized by the Company under the financial asset model are accumulated in "Receivables under service concession arrangements", which are included in "Non-current financial assets" on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position. The balance of these "Receivables under service concession arrangements" is reduced by the payments received from the government.

For concession arrangements accounted for by the intangible asset model, the concessionaire recognizes an intangible asset to the extent that it receives a right to charge for the usage of the asset.

Borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the intangible asset during the construction phase. Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the infrastructure is ready for its intended use.

The intangible asset is amortized over its expected useful life, which is the concession period in a service concession arrangement. Amortization period begins when the infrastructure is available for use.

The Company's only concession arrangement accounted for by the intangible asset model is REPL, which is an ICI accounted for by the equity method.

14.2 b. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (IAS 31)

The Company carries out certain of its activities through joint ventures, which are mainly jointly controlled operations for its Services, Packages and O&M activities, and jointly controlled entities for its ICI activities.

Jointly controlled operations

Under Canadian GAAP, jointly controlled operations were accounted for by the proportionate consolidation method. Under IFRS, the Company recognizes the assets that it controls, the liabilities and expenses that it incurs, and its share of the income that it earns from the sale of goods or services by the jointly controlled operations. Therefore, there is no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements at the Date of Transition to IFRS or thereafter relating to the accounting of its jointly controlled operations.

Jointly controlled entities

Under IFRS, interests in jointly controlled entities are to be accounted for using either the equity method or the proportionate consolidation method. Under Canadian GAAP, such interests were accounted for using the proportionate consolidation method.

To better reflect the Company's view of the nature of its jointly controlled entities, which are mainly ICI, the Company elected to use the equity method upon its transition to IFRS. The use of the equity method for jointly controlled entities provides the reader with a greater understanding of the Company's underlying assets, earning base and financial resources as opposed to the proportionate consolidation method which recognizes the Company's proportionate share of assets and liabilities that it does not control or for which it has no obligation, including debt that is non-recourse to the Company.

• Impact on the Company's consolidated statements of financial positions

At June 30, 2010, the Company eliminated its share of proportionately consolidated assets and liabilities of its interests in jointly controlled entities and recognized its net investment in these entities as "ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods" for its jointly controlled entities from ICI.

Under Canadian GAAP, the proportionate method of accounting required the Company to recognize its proportionate share of the jointly controlled entities' losses irrespective of the carrying amount of its investment in such jointly controlled entities. As a result, the balance of interests in jointly controlled entities was negative \$84.2 million at June 30, 2010, mainly due to Highway 407.

Under IFRS, the equity method requires the Company to stop recognizing its share of the losses of a jointly controlled entity when the recognition of such losses results in a negative balance for its investment, unless the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the jointly controlled entity. Since the Company did not incur any legal or constructive obligations or did not make payments on behalf of these jointly controlled entities, the carrying amount of the Company's investments in these jointly controlled entities is not negative under IFRS, but is recorded at \$nil.

Therefore, the change in accounting policy from the proportionate consolidation method used to account for the Company's jointly controlled entities under Canadian GAAP to the equity method which is used to account for the Company's jointly controlled entities under IFRS was accounted for on a retrospective basis and resulted in an increase of the Company's equity of \$84.2 million at June 30, 2010 (an increase of \$87.3 million in retained earnings and a decrease of \$3.1 million in other components of equity), mainly from the Company's investment in Highway 407.

• Impact on the Company's consolidated income statements

In regards to the income statement, under Canadian GAAP, the proportionate consolidation method required the Company to consolidate its proportionate share of the jointly controlled entities' revenues and expenses on a line-by-line basis.

Under IFRS, the equity method requires the Company to recognize in its income statement its share of net income (loss) of its jointly controlled entities for the period. Also, under the equity method, distributions receivable from a jointly controlled entity reduce the carrying amount of the investment recorded by the Company. Where dividends payable by the jointly controlled entity are in excess of the carrying amount of the investment, the carrying value is reduced to \$nil, but does not become negative, unless the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the jointly controlled entity. Such excess amount of dividends payable by a jointly controlled entity is recognized in net income of the Company.

Accordingly, the adjustments to the Company's consolidated income statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 include: (i) an elimination of revenues and expenses previously recognized by the Company under the proportionate consolidation method; (ii) a recognition by the Company of its share of net income (loss) for the periods of its jointly controlled entities which investment account shows a positive carrying amount as at June 30, 2010; and (iii) a recognition by the Company of dividends from its jointly controlled entities where dividends are in excess of the carrying amount of the investment.

14.2 c. RECLASSIFICATIONS

The following reclassifications were made to the Company's consolidated statement of financial position at June 30, 2010, with the total impact presented under the "Reclassifications" column of the "Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's June 30, 2010 consolidated statement of financial position" table:

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | June 30, 2010 Reclassifications | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--|--|
| Statement of financial position line items | Note 14.2 c.1 | Note 14.2 c.2 | Note 14.2 c.3 | Note 14.2 c.4 | Note 14.2 c.5 | Note 14.2 c.6 | Tota | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | - | (423,501) | - | - | - | - | (423,501 | | |
| Other current financial assets | - | 310,282 | - | - | - | - | 310,282 | | |
| Deferred tax asset | - | - | (92,657) | - | - | - | (92,657 | | |
| Other current assets | - | 113,219 | - | - | - | - | 113,219 | | |
| Net impact on current assets | - | - | (92,657) | - | - | - | (92,657 | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Property and equipment: | | | | | | | | | |
| From ICI | - | - | - | 209,983 | (174,332) | - | 35,651 | | |
| ICI accounted for by the equity method or cost methods | - | 48,014 | - | - | - | - | 48,014 | | |
| Deferred tax asset | - | - | 92,657 | - | - | - | 92,657 | | |
| Non-current financial assets | - | 210,397 | - | - | - | - | 210,397 | | |
| Other non-current assets | - | (258,411) | - | - | 64,499 | - | (193,912 | | |
| Net impact on non-current assets | - | - | 92,657 | 209,983 | (109,833) | - | 192,807 | | |
| Total impact on assets | - | - | - | 209,983 | (109,833) | - | 100,150 | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | _ | (222,552) | _ | _ | _ | (27,403) | (249,955 | | |
| Deferred revenues | _ | (222,882) | _ | 6,881 | _ | (27,105) | 6,881 | | |
| Other current financial liabilities | _ | 179,555 | _ | - | _ | _ | 179,555 | | |
| Other current liabilities | _ | 43,067 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 43,067 | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt: | | .5,557 | | | | | 15,007 | | |
| Non-recourse from ICI | _ | 82,329 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 82,329 | | |
| Net impact on current liabilities | - | 82,399 | - | 6,881 | - | (27,403) | 61,877 | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-recourse from ICI | _ | (82,329) | _ | _ | _ | _ | (82,329) | | |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | _ | 192,212 | _ | _ | (99,906) | _ | 92,306 | | |
| Provisions | _ | - | _ | _ | - | 104,000 | 104,000 | | |
| Non-current deferred revenues | - | _ | _ | 203,102 | 176,141 | - | 379,243 | | |
| Deferred tax liability | _ | (2,070) | _ | - | - | _ | (2,070 | | |
| Other non-current liabilities | _ | (190,212) | _ | _ | (186,068) | (76,597) | (452,877 | | |
| Net impact on non-current liabilities | - | (82,399) | - | 203,102 | (109,833) | 27,403 | 38,273 | | |
| Non-controlling interests | (86,758) | - | - | - | - | - | (86,758 | | |
| Equity | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributed surplus | (42,079) | - | - | - | - | - | (42,079) | | |
| Retained earnings | 42,079 | - | - | - | - | - | 42,079 | | |
| Non-controlling interests | 86,758 | - | - | - | - | - | 86,758 | | |
| Net impact on equity | 86,758 | - | - | - | - | - | 86,758 | | |
| Total impact on liabilities and equity | _ | _ | _ | 209,983 | (109,833) | _ | 100,150 | | |

Only line items of the Company's consolidated statement of financial position affected by the reclassifications at June 30, 2010 are shown in the table above.

14.2 c.1 Reclassification of non-controlling interests and contributed surplus

Under IFRS, non-controlling interests are presented within equity as the non-controlling interests represent the residual interest in the net assets of the subsidiaries and therefore meet the definition of equity as per the *Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements*. Under Canadian GAAP, non-controlling interests were presented outside shareholders' equity. The effect of the change is an increase in equity of \$86.8 million at June 30, 2010.

On the Date of Transition, the Company elected to reclassify the amount of contributed surplus relating to the stock option compensation to retained earnings. The effect of the change is a decrease in contributed surplus and an equivalent increase in retained earnings of \$42.1 million at June 30, 2010.

14.2 c.2 Reclassification of financial and non-financial instruments

Certain figures relating to financial and non-financial instruments have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted by the Company upon transition to IFRS as required by IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, with no impact on the Company's total assets, total liabilities or equity.

14.2 c.3 Reclassification of deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability

Under Canadian GAAP, when an enterprise segregated its assets and liabilities between current and non-current assets and liabilities, the current and non-current portions of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets were also segregated.

Under IFRS, when an entity classifies its statement of financial position by presenting current assets and current liabilities separately from non-current assets and non-current liabilities, it needs to classify deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as non-current assets and non-current liabilities. Therefore, a deferred tax asset of \$92.7 million included in current assets was reclassified to non-current assets at June 30, 2010.

14.2 c.4 Transfers of assets from customers

AltaLink, a 76.92%-owned subsidiary of the Company, enters into certain transactions whereby it receives cash from customers dedicated to the construction of transmission lines and substations, which provides these customers with ongoing access to a supply of electricity. Under Canadian GAAP, there is no specific guidance applicable to such agreements and the amount of such cash received by Altalink was presented as a reduction of the carrying values of the related items of property and equipment in the statement of financial position.

Upon transition to IFRS, the Company retrospectively adopted IFRIC Interpretation 18, *Transfers of Assets from Customers*, ("IFRIC 18") with the effective date of April 29, 2002 (date of inception of AltaLink). IFRIC 18 applies to transactions described above. As per IFRIC 18's guidance, when an entity receives a transfer of cash from a customer, it shall assess whether the constructed or acquired item of property, plant and equipment meets the definition of an asset. If the definition of an asset is met, the entity recognizes the item of property, plant and equipment at its cost and recognizes revenue or deferred revenue, as applicable, for the same amount based on the appropriate revenue recognition policy.

The effect of this change resulted in an increase in property and equipment of \$210.0 million at June 30, 2010, with an equivalent increase to deferred revenues, of which \$6.9 million is in current liabilities and \$203.1 million is in non-current deferred revenues at June 30, 2010.

The effect of this change also resulted in an increase of revenues and of the depreciation expense by \$1.7 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010 and by \$3.1 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010, with no impact on net income.

14.2 c.5 Asset retirement obligation and rate-regulated activities

Under Canadian GAAP, AltaLink recognized liabilities for future dismantling costs related to both the interim retirement and the final retirement of transmission facilities. Under IFRS, AltaLink recognizes a reserve for salvage costs liability for forecasted future dismantling costs associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets.

Under IFRS, AltaLink's asset retirement obligation at June 30, 2010 is reduced from \$186.1 million to \$nil, combined with a decrease of \$109.8 million in property and equipment and an increase of \$76.3 million in non-current deferred revenues.

As mentioned in section 14.1, AltaLink is an entity whose operations are subject to rate regulation. Under Canadian GAAP, it is subject to accounting for entities subject to rate regulation. Consequently, AltaLink presented certain of its intangible assets, mainly land rights, together with property and equipment. Under IFRS, such intangible assets are presented as a separate line item in the statement of financial position. Therefore, the effect of this reclassification is a decrease of property and equipment of \$64.5 million at June 30, 2010 and an increase in other non-current assets of the same amount.

14.2 c.6 Provisions

Under Canadian GAAP, provisions were included in "trade and other payables" and "other non-current liabilities" in the statement of financial position. Under IFRS, provisions have to be included in the statement of financial position as a separate line item. Therefore, the effect of this reclassification is a decrease of trade and other payables of \$27.4 million and of other non-current liabilities of \$76.6 million at June 30, 2010 and an increase in provisions of the same amount.

14.2 d. OTHER ADJUSTMENTS

The following other adjustments were made to the Company's consolidated statement of financial position at June 30, 2010, with the total impact presented under the "Other" column of the "Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's June 30, 2010 consolidated statement of financial position" table:

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | June 30, 2010 | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------|----------|--|--|--|
| | | Other ac | ljustments | | | | | |
| Statement of financial position line items | Note 14.2 d.1 | Note 14.2 d.2 | Note 14.2 d.3 | Other | Total | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | | |
| Other current financial assets | - | - | - | 212 | 212 | | | |
| Net impact on current assets | - | - | - | 212 | 212 | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | | |
| Property and equipment: | | | | | | | | |
| From ICI | - | - | - | (7,036) | (7,036) | | | |
| From other activities | - | - | - | (2,300) | (2,300) | | | |
| ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods | 25,559 | - | - | - | 25,559 | | | |
| Goodwill | - | - | - | (397) | (397) | | | |
| Deferred tax asset | - | - | - | 85,841 | 85,841 | | | |
| Non-current financial assets | 2,663 | - | - | 7,524 | 10,187 | | | |
| Net impact on non-current assets | 28,222 | - | - | 83,632 | 111,854 | | | |
| Total impact on assets | 28,222 | - | - | 83,844 | 112,066 | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | - | _ | _ | 24 | 24 | | | |
| Net impact on current liabilities | - | - | - | 24 | 24 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | - | (1,528) | - | 676 | (852) | | | |
| Provisions | - | 23,451 | - | 735 | 24,186 | | | |
| Deferred tax liability | - | - | - | 85,841 | 85,841 | | | |
| Net impact on non-current liabilities | - | 21,923 | - | 87,252 | 109,175 | | | |
| Equity | | | | | | | | |
| Other components of equity | 28,222 | - | 9,292 | _ | 37,514 | | | |
| Retained earnings | - | (21,957) | (9,292) | (3,432) | (34,681) | | | |
| Non-controlling interests | - | 34 | - | - | 34 | | | |
| Net impact on equity | 28,222 | (21,923) | - | (3,432) | 2,867 | | | |
| Total impact on liabilities and equity | 28,222 | - | - | 83,844 | 112,066 | | | |

Only line items of the Company's consolidated statement of financial position affected by the adjustments at June 30, 2010 are shown in the table above.

14.2 d.1 Measurement of unlisted securities

Under Canadian GAAP, available-for-sale equity securities that are not traded on an active market were measured at cost. Under IFRS, all available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, unless fair value is not reliably determinable. Upon transition to IFRS, the effect of the change is an increase in equity of \$28.2 million at June 30, 2010, with an increase to ICI accounted for by the equity or cost methods of \$25.5 million and to non-current financial assets of \$2.7 million.

After the Date of Transition, revaluation gains (losses) on these available-for-sale financial assets that are not traded on an active market are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. When these available-for-sale financial assets are disposed of or are determined to be impaired, the cumulative amount of gains (losses) recognized in the statement of comprehensive income is reclassified from the "other components of equity" to the income statement.

14.2 d.2 Defined benefit plans and other post-retirement benefits

As mentioned in section 14.1, the Company has elected to apply the optional exemption in IFRS 1 and recognized unamortized net actuarial losses for all its defined benefit plans in the consolidated statement of financial position, i.e., the full net pension liability is recognized at January 1, 2010. The Company also applied IFRIC Interpretation 14, *The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and Their Interaction*, ("IFRIC 14").

Net actuarial losses arising after the Date of Transition for all the Company's defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income and amounted to \$3.4 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010 and to \$3.6 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010. The reversal of the Canadian GAAP amount relating to the amortization of actuarial losses in net income represented \$0.5 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010 and to \$1.0 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010.

14.2 d.3 Cumulative translation difference from foreign operations

As mentioned in section 14.1, the Company elected to reclassify cumulative translation losses included in other components of equity, under "exchange differences on translating foreign operations" account, to retained earnings. The gain or loss on a subsequent disposal of any foreign operation excludes translation differences that arose before the Date of Transition.

14.3 Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated income statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010

Three-month period ended June 30, 2010
(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS,

| EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS) | Effect of transition to IFRS | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Reclass and | | | | | | |
| | Canadian | TEDIC 12 | 746.01 | consolidation | 0.4 | TED C | | | | |
| Dovonyog by optivity: | GAAP | IFRIC 12 | IAS 31 | elimination | Other | IFRS | | | | |
| Revenues by activity: | -0. | (Note 14.2a) | (Note 14.2b) | (Note 14.3a) | | -0. | | | | |
| Services | 501,556 | - | - | - | - | 501,556 | | | | |
| Packages | 537,757 | 1,717 | - | (67,829) | - | 471,645 | | | | |
| O&M | 255,869 | (142) | - | - | - | 255,727 | | | | |
| ICI | 130,910 | 1,615 | (6,613) | 1,691 | 190 | 127,793 | | | | |
| | 1,426,092 | 3,190 | (6,613) | (66,138) | 190 | 1,356,721 | | | | |
| Direct cost of activities | 1,105,413 | (993) | (5,808) | (66,138) | (2,280) | 1,030,194 | | | | |
| Gross margin | 320,679 | 4,183 | (805) | - | 2,470 | 326,527 | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 147,560 | (41) | (1,527) | 420 | (445) | 145,967 | | | | |
| Net financial expenses | - | - | (13,567) | 42,944 | 1,424 | 30,801 | | | | |
| Interest and capital taxes | 42,523 | - | - | (42,523) | - | - | | | | |
| Income before income tax expense | 130,596 | 4,224 | 14,289 | (841) | 1,491 | 149,759 | | | | |
| Income tax expense | 29,116 | - | (2,674) | (841) | 1,264 | 26,865 | | | | |
| Non-controlling interests | 3,764 | - | - | (3,764) | - | - | | | | |
| Net income for the period | 97,716 | 4,224 | 16,963 | 3,764 | 227 | 122,894 | | | | |
| Net income attributable to: | | | | | | | | | | |
| SNC-Lavalin shareholders | 97,716 | 4,250 | 16,963 | - | 219 | 119,148 | | | | |
| Non-controlling interests | - | (26) | - | 3,764 | 8 | 3,746 | | | | |
| Net income for the period | 97,716 | 4,224 | 16,963 | 3,764 | 227 | 122,894 | | | | |
| Earnings per share (in \$) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | 0.65 | | | | | 0.79 | | | | |
| Diluted | 0.64 | | | | | 0.78 | | | | |

Effect of transition to IEDS

Six-month period ended June 30, 2010

Basic

Diluted

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS,

EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS) Effect of transition to IFRS Reclass and Canadian consolidation GAAP IFRIC 12 IFRS **IAS 31** elimination Other Revenues by activity: (Note 14.2a) (Note 14.2b) (Note 14.3a) Services 958,812 958,812 Packages 985,195 3,884 (133,353)855,726 O&M 639,081 (282)638,799 ICI 229,194 5,134 (21,459)3,104 (1,264)214,709 2,812,282 8,736 (21,459)(130,249)(1,264)2,668,046 Direct cost of activities (130,249)2,225,749 (1,101)(12,005)(4,405)2,077,989 Gross margin 9,837 3,141 586,533 (9,454)590,057 Selling, general and administrative expenses 280,676 (73)(3,850)451 (879) 276,325 Net financial expenses (25,995) 80,492 1,886 56,383 Interest and capital taxes 79,181 (79,181)Income before income tax expense 9,910 20,391 2,134 257,349 226,676 (1,762)Income tax expense 50,692 (3,669)(1,762)2,461 47,722 Non-controlling interests 6,348 (6,348)Net income for the period 169,636 9,910 24,060 6,348 (327) 209,627 Net income attributable to: SNC-Lavalin shareholders 169.636 9.910 24,060 (327)203,279 Non-controlling interests 6,348 6,348 169,636 9,910 24,060 Net income for the period 6,348 (327)209,627 Earnings per share (in \$)

14.3 a. RECLASSIFICATIONS AND CONSOLIDATION ELIMINATION

1.12

1.11

Certain figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted by the Company upon transition to IFRS as required by IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, with no impact on net income attributable to the Company's shareholders.

Packages revenues between SNC-Lavalin and AltaLink have been eliminated on a consolidated basis while related intragroup profits have not been eliminated upon consolidation in the period they occur, as transactions are considered realized by AltaLink with a third party through the approval of rates. As such, this packages revenues elimination has no impact on the Company's net income.

1.35

1.34

14.4 Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June $30,\,2010$

Three-month period ended June 30, 2010

| (IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS) | Effect of transition to IFRS | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------|----------|--|--|
| | | | | Reclass and | | | | |
| | Canadian | | | consolidation | | | | |
| | GAAP | IFRIC 12 | IAS 31 | elimination | Other | IFRS | | |
| | | (Note 14.2a) | (Note 14.2b) | (Note 14.3a) | | | | |
| Net income | 97,716 | 4,224 | 16,963 | 3,764 | 227 | 122,894 | | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | | | |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign operations | (11,038) | - | - | (61) | - | (11,099) | | |
| Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 14.2 d.1) | (358) | - | - | (64) | 7,258 | 6,836 | | |
| Cash flow hedges | (27,272) | - | 26 | 10,754 | - | (16,492) | | |
| Defined benefit pension plans and other post- | | | | | | | | |
| retirements benefits (Note 14.2 d.2) | - | - | - | - | (3,363) | (3,363) | | |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of investments | | | | | | | | |
| accounted for by the equity method | - | - | - | (22,514) | - | (22,514) | | |
| Income tax expense (benefit) relating to components | | | | | | | | |
| of other comprehensive income (loss) | - | - | - | 12,044 | (92) | 11,952 | | |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period | (38,668) | - | 26 | 159 | 3,803 | (34,680) | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 59,048 | 4,224 | 16,989 | 3,923 | 4,030 | 88,214 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | | | | | | |
| SNC-Lavalin shareholders | 59,048 | 4,250 | 16,989 | - | 4,022 | 84,309 | | |
| Non-controlling interests | - | (26) | - | 3,923 | 8 | 3,905 | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 59,048 | 4,224 | 16,989 | 3,923 | 4.030 | 88,214 | | |

Six-month period ended June 30, 2010

| Effect of transition to IFRS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Canadian GAAP | IFRIC 12 | IAS 31 | Reclass and consolidation elimination | Other | IFRS | | | |
| | (Note 14.2a) | (Note 14.2b) | (Note 14.3a) | | | | | |
| 169,636 | 9,910 | 24,060 | 6,348 | (327) | 209,627 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| (33,586) | - | - | (137) | - | (33,723) | | | |
| (898) | - | - | (157) | 12,790 | 11,735 | | | |
| (22,946) | - | 50 | 16,751 | - | (6,145) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | (3,600) | (3,600) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | - | (29,035) | - | (29,035) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | - | 12,879 | (727) | 12,152 | | | |
| (57,430) | - | 50 | 301 | 8,463 | (48,616) | | | |
| 112,206 | 9,910 | 24,110 | 6,649 | 8,136 | 161,011 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 112,206 | 9,910 | 24,110 | - | 8,136 | 154,362 | | | |
| - | - | - | 6,649 | - | 6,649 | | | |
| 112,206 | 9,910 | 24,110 | 6,649 | 8,136 | 161,011 | | | |
| | GAAP 169,636 (33,586) (898) (22,946) (57,430) 112,206 | GAAP IFRIC 12 (Note 14.2a) 169,636 9,910 (33,586) - (898) - (22,946) - (57,430) - 112,206 9,910 112,206 9,910 | Canadian GAAP IFRIC 12 (Note 14.2a) IAS 31 (Note 14.2b) 169,636 9,910 24,060 (33,586) - - (898) - - (22,946) - 50 - - - (57,430) - 50 112,206 9,910 24,110 - - - - - - | Canadian GAAP IFRIC 12 IAS 31 (Note 14.2a) Reclass and consolidation elimination (Note 14.2a) (Note 14.2b) (Note 14.3a) 169,636 9,910 24,060 6,348 (33,586) - - (137) (898) - - (157) (22,946) - 50 16,751 - - - (29,035) - - - 12,879 (57,430) - 50 301 112,206 9,910 24,110 6,649 112,206 9,910 24,110 - - - - 6,649 | Canadian GAAP IFRIC 12 (Note 14.2a) IAS 31 (Note 14.3a) Reclass and consolidation elimination Other (169,636) 9,910 24,060 6,348 (327) (33,586) - - (137) - (898) - - (157) 12,790 (22,946) - 50 16,751 - - - - (3,600) - - - (29,035) - - - - 12,879 (727) (57,430) - 50 301 8,463 112,206 9,910 24,110 6,649 8,136 112,206 9,910 24,110 - 8,136 - - - 6,649 - | | | |

14.5 Effect of IFRS adoption on the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows

INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (IAS 31)

Under Canadian GAAP, interests in jointly controlled entities were accounted for using the proportionate consolidation method. Under IFRS, interests in jointly controlled entities are accounted for using either the equity method or the proportionate consolidation method. The Company has elected to account for its interests in jointly controlled entities using the equity method upon transition to IFRS.

In regards to the statement of cash flows, under Canadian GAAP, the proportionate consolidation method required the Company to consolidate its proportionate share of the jointly controlled entities' cash flows on a line-by-line basis. Therefore, the adjustment to the consolidated statements of cash flows represents an elimination of cash flows and cash positions previously recognized by the Company under proportionate consolidation method.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (IAS 7)

Under Canadian GAAP, interest paid and income taxes paid included in the determination of net income were disclosed separately as supplementary cash flow information. Under IFRS, interest paid and income taxes paid are included into the body of the statement of cash flows as separate line items.

14.6 Other

As per IFRS 1, since IFRS 3 is not applied retrospectively, regardless of whether there is any indication that the goodwill may be impaired, the first-time adopter applies International Accounting Standard 36, *Impairment of Assets*, in testing the goodwill for impairment at the date of transition to IFRS. Therefore, the Company performed an impairment test on its goodwill as at the Date of Transition and concluded that no impairment was necessary.

